

OPEN FILE MAP
UNITED STATES
DEPARTMENT OF THE INTERIOR
GEOLOGICAL SURVEY

Prepared in cooperation with the APPALACHIAN REGIONAL COMMISSION

AMBRIDGE QUADRANGLE
PENNSYLVANIA
7.5 MINUTE SERIES (TOPOGRAPHIC)
SW 1/4 SEWICKLEY 15 QUADRANGLE



Base by U.S. Geological Survey, 1969
Research sponsored by the Appalachian Regional
Commission under contract no. 99-31

UTM GRID AND 1960 MAGNETIC NORTH
DECLINATION AT CENTER OF SHEET!

LANDSLIDE SUSCEPTIBILITY MAP OF THE AMBRIDGE 1/2'
QUADRANGLE, ALLEGHENY COUNTY AND VICINITY,
PENNSYLVANIA

by J.S.Pomeroy, 1974

SCALE 1:24,000
CONTOUR INTERVAL 20 FEET
DATUM IS MEAN SEA LEVEL

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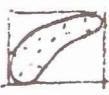
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7.24-76
PITTSBURGH WEST

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not been edited for conformity
with Geological Survey standards
or nomenclature.

Pennsylvania (Ambridge quad). Landslides. 1:24,000. 1974.
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RECENT LANDSLIDES

Dominantly earth slumps and earth flows; historically recorded or
characterized by fresh scars. Small landslides enclosed by triangles.



PREHISTORIC LANDSLIDES

Dominantly earth slumps and earth flows characterized by hummocky
topography and slump benches; relatively stable in natural state
but can be reactivated by excavation, loading and changes in ground
and surface water conditions. Includes some probable recent land-
slides not covered by records examined.



HIGHLY SENSITIVE TO DISTURBANCE BY MAN

SLOPES WITH CONSPICUOUS SOIL CREEP
Clayey soils, generally less than 5 ft thick, commonly underlain
by weathered shale; characterized by shallow, slow but distinct,
downslope movement that can be greatly accelerated by overloading
from fills or structures.



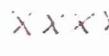
OUTCROP AREA OF THICK "RED BEDS" AND ASSOCIATED ROCKS
Rock weathers rapidly on exposure; weathered rock and related soil
commonly result in soil creep and landslides; cuts and fills in
"red beds" generally not stable.

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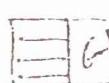
RELATIVELY STABLE GROUND

Most slopes have little susceptibility to landsliding unless
extensively modified by man; slight soil creep common on undisturbed
slope.



XXXXX

STEEP SLOPES SUSCEPTIBLE TO ROCKFALL
Dominantly thick-bedded sandstone and limestone, 1 to over 10 ft
thick; subordinate flaggy sandy shale and interbedded shale; highly
fractured and locally undercut by weathering of shale; in steep
natural and cut slopes and cliffs, 15 to over 150 ft high.



MAN-MADE FILL

Heterogeneous soil and rock material; variable susceptibility to
slope failure depending on nature of materials, foundation conditions,
design and construction. Fills in older urbanized areas mapped only
where associated with recent landslides. Fills too small to be shown
by pattern identified by letter "F".



NOTE

Variations in slope sensitivity may occur at any specific point within a
unit. Boundaries largely are inferred and information given is intended
as a general guide and should not be construed as applicable to all
localities within the area shown. This map cannot be used as a substitute
for detailed engineering investigations of specific sites.